## **Reportable Deaths**

A physician and surgeon, physician assistant, funeral director, or other person shall immediately notify the coroner when he or she has knowledge of a death that occurred or has charge of a body in which death occurred under any of the following circumstances:

- 1. Without medical attendance which includes all deaths outside of hospitals or skilled nursing facilities.
- 2. Wherein the deceased had not been attended by a physician in the 20 days prior to death or had not been attended by a hospice nurse within 30 days prior to death.
- 3. The attending physician is unable to render a reasonable opinion as to the cause of death.
- 4. When homicide is known or suspected.
- 5. When suicide is known or suspected.
- 6. When a criminal action is involved or suspected to be involved in the death.
- 7. Related to, or following known or suspected self-induced or criminal abortion.
- 8. Associated with a known or alleged rape or crime against nature.
- 9. Known or suspected as resulting in whole or in part from an accident or injury, either old or recent.
- 10. When aspiration, starvation, exposure, drug addiction or acute alcoholism is the known or suspected cause.
- 11. When poisoning is known or suspected.
- 12. When occupational disease or hazards are the known or suspected cause.
- 13. When a contagious disease is the known or suspected cause.
- 14. When death occurred while in-custody of a law enforcement agency or while in prison.
- 15. All deaths of State Hospital patients.
- 16. All Sudden Infant Death Syndrome (SIDS) deaths.
- 17. Deaths during or related to surgery or surgical procedures, or following a surgery or surgical procedure if the deceased did not awake from the anesthetic.